

The Salt Lake Tribune.

MOST ANYBODY CAN DO BUSINESS FAIRLY WELL.
Many men can do business very well. A few can do business superbly well. But the man who not only does his work superbly well but adds to it a touch of personality through great zeal, patience and persistence, making it peculiar, unique, individual, distinct and unforgettable, is an artist. And this applies to all and every field of human endeavor. It is the secret touch that counts. — F. A. Elbertus.

VOL. LXXIX, NO. 180.

WEATHER TODAY—Fair.

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH, MONDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 11, 1909.

IF YOU WERE A CARPENTER AND DESIRED TO BUILD
a strong wheel you choose a stick of second growth hickory in preference to two pieces of soft pine glued together. By the same method an advertiser desiring to build a prosperous business you select THE TRIBUNE as the hickory and—well, you know THE TRIBUNE does not have to sell out or buy another to keep itself up or do any long talking, but goes on delivering the goods.

14 PAGES—FIVE CENTS.

ONE MORE SERMON BY THE PRESIDENT

First Public Address Made Since His Rest in the Yosemite Valley.

NEED OF SELF-RESTRAINT THEME OF DISCOURSE

Draws Lesson From Text That Majority Must Not Oppress Minority.

FRESNO, Cal., Oct. 10.—From the snow-capped Sierras yesterday, President Taft plunged today into the summer heat of the San Joaquin valley and arrived here shortly after 3 p. m. with the thermometer hovering about the nineties. He was greeted by practically the entire population of the city and the surrounding country, and after a short automobile trip through the business section, addressed a gathering of many thousands in the court house square.

The President's speech was in reality another Sunday sermon, the third he has preached since his trip began.

Text From Memory.
His text, quoted from memory, was: "That he who conquers himself is greater than he who takes a city." And from this he drew the lesson that popular government must be a failure unless it is based upon sound common sense and the self-restraint that goes to make the good loser. He drew an analogy between the American people in this respect and those peoples who in their attempt at self-government, follow an election with a revolution.

On his way here President Taft stopped at Merced for three hours and attended morning service at the Presbyterian church. His greeting at Fresno came from probably the most cosmopolitan community he has met in all his travels.

In the throngs that lined the sidewalks was a mingling of Chinese, Japanese, Armenians, Portuguese and a dozen other nationalities. In fact, it was told to the President, that in one of the public schools of the city, twenty-six nationalities are represented. One half of the Armenians of the entire country are said to be gathered here.

Address From Japanese.
A feature of the President's visit to Fresno was the presentation of an address of good will from the Japanese residents of this region.

"Mr. President, we, the Japanese residents of Fresno city and surrounding country, have the great honor to offer to you our sincere and most friendly greetings and to extend our warmest welcome to our community. We hail you, sir, as the honored chief of a great nation, which we are glad to see in the friendliest terms with ours, and we believe that our beloved country, Japan, has the honor and great privilege of reciprocating such fraternal regard."

Off for Los Angeles.
The President left here at 6:30 p. m. for Los Angeles, where he is expected to arrive tomorrow morning.

Mr. Taft was a little stiff from his long journey, but he was in good spirits and declared he would like to have a similar experience every day.

The meeting held in the court house square was arranged by the Minister of the association of Fresno, and nearly all the churches of the city were represented. The President spoke for the first time since last Wednesday noon. He was introduced by Mayor Howell, and said in part:

"I want to say first, with respect to this audience, that the presence of the veterans of the Civil war is always a great inspiration to me. It is a reminder of the standards and to everything that goes to make our country worth living for."

There is a text: I don't know that I can quote it exactly, but to these gentlemen before me, who have taken part in the battle of our way of life, for life is a battle of our way of life, I will say some words. I don't know that I can quote it exactly, but to these gentlemen before me, who have taken part in the battle of our way of life, for life is a battle of our way of life, I will say some words.

Now the home application to the individual of that I don't know that I can quote it exactly, but to these gentlemen before me, who have taken part in the battle of our way of life, for life is a battle of our way of life, I will say some words.

It is the conduct of the husband, as he comes home after a tired day, in restraining himself while the most of his wife, who wants to know how he has been living during the day and what has happened, is waiting for him. It is the conduct of the husband, as he comes home after a tired day, in restraining himself while the most of his wife, who wants to know how he has been living during the day and what has happened, is waiting for him.

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CHINESE DESIRE TO BOYCOTT JAPS

Inflammatory Circulars Scattered Broadcast Among the Lower Classes.

POOR OLD CHINA TOO WEAK TO FIGHT, IS CLAIM

Severing of Commercial Relations Held Away to Punish the Japanese.

TOKIO, Oct. 11.—Copies of circulars issued in North China by a body of Chinese calling themselves the "Popular Association of the Three Eastern Provinces," have been received in Japan after having been spread broadcast among Chinese of the lower classes. The circulars contain inflammatory statements against the Japanese. They bear upon what is called the weakness of poor China and the "insulting aggression of Japan."

Assertions are made that Japan has devastated the arable lands of northern China, has enslaved laborers along the line of the Antung-Mukden railroad, that Japanese have beaten the men, insulted the women and terrorized the people.

Boycott Called For.

The circulars point out that the weakness of China in a military sense makes it impossible for her to resist this treatment except by a boycott and call upon the people of China generally to refuse all dealings with the Japanese. All students and persons who value freedom are called upon to propagate the doctrine of the association. Failing in this, they are threatened with vengeance and even death.

The document concludes with the request that Chinese vessels, vessels and railroads refuse to carry Japanese goods. An endless chain is sought in the request that patriotic citizens into whose hands the circular may fall, shall have them reprinted and scattered broadcast until Japan is completely shut out from all commercial communication with China.

Japan May Punish.

These circulars have created something of a sensation in Japan. Effort is being made to prevent the spreading of their contents among Japanese of the lower class because of the danger of arousing feelings at this time recognized. Meanwhile there is reason to believe that Japan has called or will immediately call the attention of the Japanese authorities to the illegality of the boycott propaganda, demanding that the circulars be outlawed as illegal documents and that the "Popular Association of the Three Eastern Provinces" be disciplined.

The exact method by which China is able to control her people in this way is not known, but it is believed here that the government of China can suppress promptly any boycott movement.

It probably will be at Kowloon, where the Japanese have official rank and can be disciplined.

EMPEROR NICHOLAS TO VISIT KING EMMANUEL

ROME, Oct. 10.—It is expected that Emperor Nicholas of Russia, will visit King Victor Emmanuel within a week. The Emperor is expected to arrive in Italy to receive his majesty.

The strict secrecy is being maintained as to the meeting between the emperor and the king will take place. It probably will be at Racconigi, the summer castle in Piedmont, where the Italian sovereigns this year have made a prolonged stay.

The Empress Alexandra, who is ill, will not accompany her husband.

Emperor Nicholas has the idea of a voyage to Italy by sea because of the Turkish permission for his ship to pass through the straits only on the condition that he would visit the sultan. The emperor took the ground that, under the rules of protocol, he would visit the sultan at a later date than himself.

The sultan should be the first to pay a visit.

MUST PAY EMPLOYE FOR BOARD WIFE FURNISHES

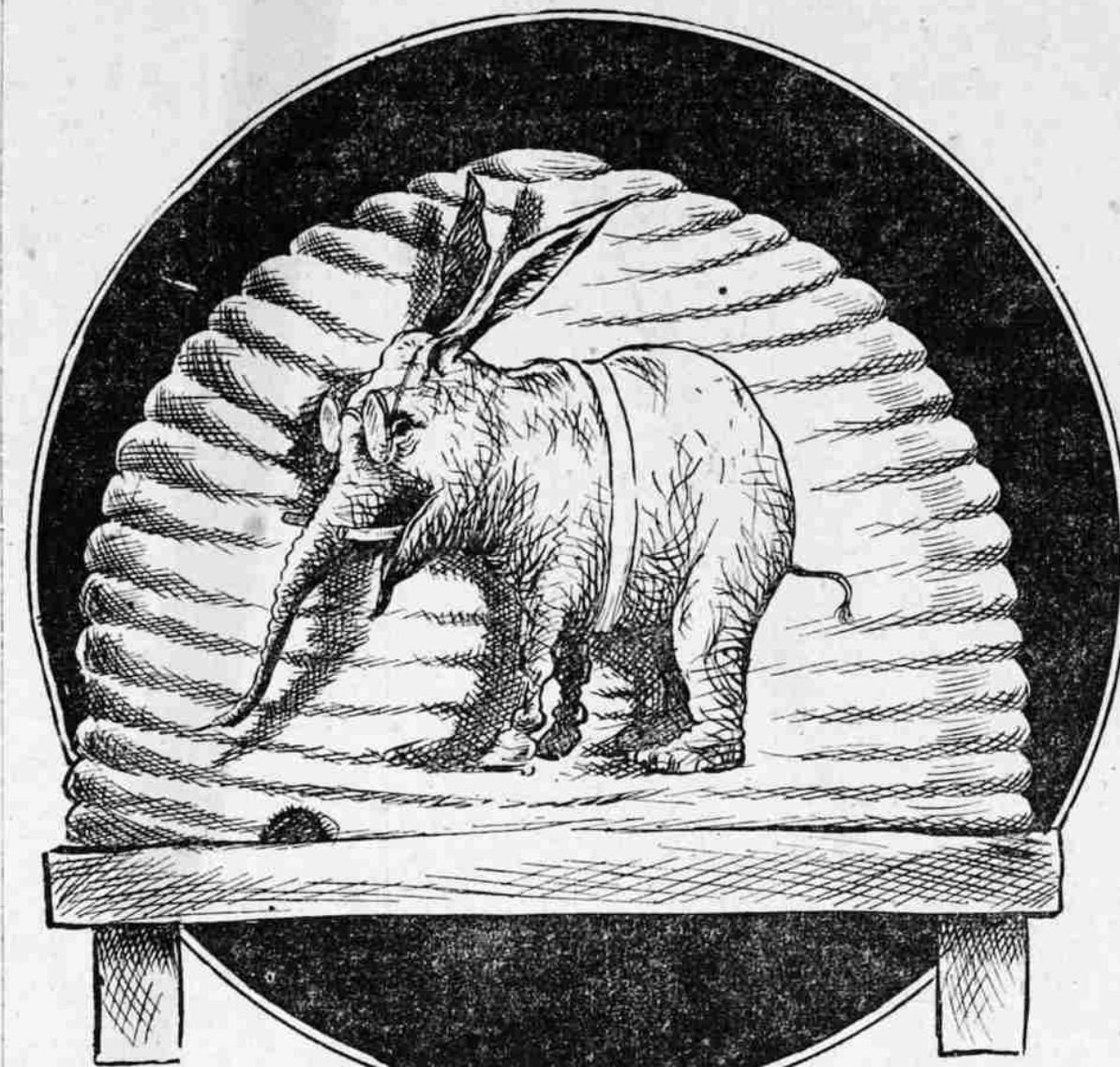
WASHINGTON, Oct. 10.—Sustaining a man who has been with his wife and children, and discounting the fashionable hotels as boarding places, the comptroller of the United States fisheries bureau for \$2 a day for board and lodging with his wife and children.

The comptroller of fisheries explained that Dr. Nutting was directed to do certain official work at San Diego, Cal. Under the United States regulations Dr. Nutting found even the third-rate hotel prices prohibitive, and his wife offered to rent a small cottage and board him for \$2 a day.

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RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED FOR AN EMBLEM FOR THE NEW CHURCH PARTY

MORE INDEPENDENCE OF VOTERS EVIDENT

Gradual Disintegration of Party Lines Throughout the West Is Noted.

Special to The Tribune.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10.—Commenting today on the remarkable growth of the American party in Utah and other manifestations of independence by individual voters in the west, Fred H. Abbott, assistant commissioner of Indian affairs, said that political parties in the west appear to be disintegrating in Utah, Nebraska, Dakota, Wyoming and Montana, where he has been on an inspection trip for his bureau.

In the middle west particularly Mr. Abbott found that the political discussion has become more of a personal matter. The general idea in the middle west is that the tariff bill was framed for the benefit of the eastern states, and that the tariff is a burden on the west.

The west is an independent state. I do not see how they can find fault with conditions. Mr. Abbott said, "I never saw such hustling as I witnessed in North Dakota and Montana. Everybody seemed to be doing well and to be reaching out for more business."

Death Sentence Signed.

PARIS, Oct. 11.—The Matin's Barcelona correspondent says he learns from an unusually well informed source, that the court-martial trying Senor Ferrera, for revolutionary agitation has sentenced him to death, and that the sentence has been signed by the captain-general and now only awaits the approval of the superior council of war and marine.

New Play Put On.

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 10.—Brynders Bjornson's long expected play, "When the New Wine Blossoms," was produced at the Royal theater tonight. The theme is a glorification of youth and love. The comedy is clever, though the dialogue has some coarse touches. The play scored a success only through the fine work of Mino, Betty Henson and Messrs. Mathias and Adam Poulsen.

Will Be Warm 'O'f Year.'

BOSTON, Oct. 10.—Politics in Massachusetts and Rhode Island, the only New England states holding elections this fall, loomed up unusually large for an off year. In those states the governorship is at stake, while the income tax amendment lends great interest in the contests in each legislative district.

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TRAINS POLAR BEARS FOR ARCTIC EXPLORATION

HAMBURG, Oct. 10.—Captain Roud Amundsen, the well-known Danish explorer, who is about to start on a polar expedition, has decided to try a remarkable innovation in the use of draught animals for polar travel.

Some time ago, Captain Amundsen made a contract with Carl Hagenback, the famous animal trainer, for twenty ice bears, three years old.

Hagenback's men have been industriously at work months, obtaining the bears and the results attained is said to promise success for them in polar travel.

The animals will be shipped to Christiana this week, where they will be taken on board Captain Amundsen's ship.

LEMON GROWERS HANDED A LEMON

Transcontinental Roads Get the Benefit of Increase in Duty.

Special to The Tribune.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 11.—Transcontinental carriers will get the full benefit of the increased duty on lemons provided by the Aldrich bill. They have given notice of an increase of rates on November 15, from points of shipment in California, Utah and Nevada.

The citrus fruit growers appear to have been handed a lemon by Senator Aldrich's committee. After having waged a successful and somewhat expensive campaign in congress while the tariff bill was under consideration, they succeeded in having an increased duty placed on lemons.

To accomplish this they sent delegations here and in other ways brought considerable influence to bear on the house and the senate. Finally they got what they considered to be fairly reasonable duty on lemons.

Now all the transcontinental railroads have placed on file with the interstate commerce commission a notice that on November 15, they will increase their freight rates on lemons from the Pacific coast middle western points.

The increase will make lemons pay the same rate as oranges, grape fruit and limes, whereas previously they paid something like 15 cents a hundred pounds less.

To briefly summarize the situation, according to the complaints which reached here, the carriers have increased their rate on lemons in exact proportion to the amount of the protection afforded by the Payne-Aldrich tariff act.

MANY THOUSAND MEN WILL WELCOME GOMPERS

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10.—As a tribute to the home-coming from abroad of President Samuel Gompers of the American Federation of Labor, one of the most representative gatherings of labor unions will welcome him.

In reception of his honor, next Tuesday evening, will be held. More than 3,000 laboring men will participate in the parade.

HOT CAMPAIGN IN NEW YORK IS ON

Tammany Attempts to Kidnap the Title Under Which Hearst Was Nominated.

MAY GIVE DEMOCRATS ADVANTAGE IN PUBLICITY

Hearst Managers Will Carry Case to the Courts to Secure Decision.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—Already enveloped by two Tammany tickets and the re-entrance of William Randolph Hearst as a candidate for mayor, the local political campaign will be marked with a crescendo this week which will likely be maintained until election day, November 2.

Speechmaking will become general tomorrow night when Hearst will appear before a mass-meeting in Carnegie hall to accept formally the nomination of his new party and to outline the platform upon which he will make the race.

The latest "issue" in the campaign is Tammany's kidnapping or attempted abduction at least of the title "Civic Alliance" and emblem thereof constituting the new party designation under which the independents rallied to the support of Hearst.

Advantage For Tammany.
As a result of this move the Democratic ticket may appear under the emblem of three different parties on the official ballot—straight Democratic, old Independence league, recently captured by the progressives, and lastly, the new Civic Alliance. While Hearst may yet qualify under an altogether new party name, the coup, if successful, ultimately will give Tammany a three to one advantage in the matter of publicity on the ballot.

The final retention of the Civic Alliance as a Tammany title, however, is a legal question which must be settled this week.

For this latest plan to dismember the Hearst followers, Charles F. Murphy, Tammany leader, has to thank State Senator Patrick H. McCarren, the Democratic leader of Brooklyn, who while the progress of the Democratic candidates were getting signatures to put their ticket in the field under the name of "Civic Alliance" that the Brooklyn senator, according to reports, held his lieutenant at work on the document, except that Democratic candidates were substituted for a Hearst ticket.

Playing Deep Game.
Senator McCarren's men presented a petition by independent voters, who had adopted the name of "Civic Alliance," but who named the Democratic candidates to the board of elections in New York just 19 minutes before a Hearst lieutenant also appeared with a petition, name and emblem of the Civic Alliance.

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MINISTER CRANE TALKED TOO MUCH

Lack of Diplomatic Discretion Said to Be Reason for His Sudden Recall.

INTENSE INTEREST SHOWN IN CASE AT WASHINGTON

Diplomat Has Preliminary Conference With Secretary Knox; Result Kept Secret.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10.—Charles R. Crane's sudden, unexpected and hitherto mysterious call to Washington by Secretary of State Knox, when he was at the point of sailing from San Francisco to assume his duties as minister of the United States to China, was occasioned by developments involving the question of Mr. Crane's fitness for that post.

This much is known tonight in well informed quarters in Washington. Mr. Crane is able to clear himself in the eyes of Secretary Knox of an accusation of a serious breach of what the state department regards the first principle of diplomatic discretion, the conference with his clients chief may result in the abrupt termination of Mr. Crane's connection with the diplomatic service.

Minister Not Talkative.

Minister Crane arrived in Washington late this afternoon from his journey across the continent, reiterated his declaration of ignorance as to the occasion of his rather dramatic recall and declined to discuss the matter in any of its aspects beyond saying that, while he expected to be here several days, he had reserved new accommodations for the trans-Pacific voyage on the steamer sailing from San Francisco on October 20.

The state department has in hand, what it regards as more or less convincing evidence that Minister Crane, on the eve of his departure for the far east, became responsible for the publication in a Chicago newspaper, that what the department regards as most indiscreet discussion of the attitude of the United States toward the two treaties recently negotiated between China and Japan.

While the specifics delivered by Mr. Crane before the American Association and at a dinner given in his honor at Chicago are viewed at the state department as having been at best unwise and indiscreet, they have been carefully considered and their delivery and content before Mr. Crane started for San Francisco and, although deprecated, were not regarded as justifying any change in his plans.

Regarded As Serious.
The Chicago publication falls, however, in the eyes of the department into a category different and far more serious.

China and Japan early last month entered into treaties which contained provisions regarded by the state department as seriously and unduly prejudicial to this government's policy in the Far East.

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